



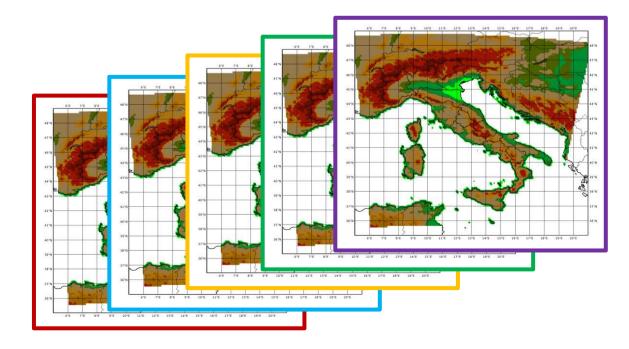
Predictability of severe weather phenomena with a convection-permitting ensemble

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Outline

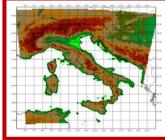
- The COSMO-2I-EPS ensemble
- Predictability of thunderstorms: role of IC and parameter perturbations
 - \Rightarrow objective verification
 - \Rightarrow subjective evaluation
- Conclusions and future work

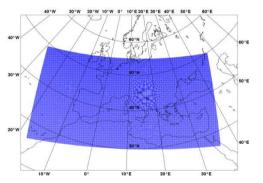




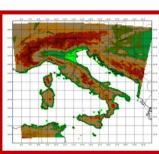
COSMO-2I-EPS

- running pre-operational at CINECA
- set-up:
 - COSMO 2.2 km, 65 levels
 - 20 members
 - I run per day at 00 UTC, +48 h forecast range
 - Boundary Conditions from COSMO-ME-EPS
 - Initial Conditions from LETKF analyses (KENDA), including also LHN and soil moisture perturbation
 - no model perturbation



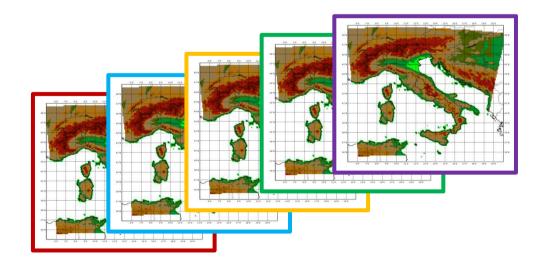






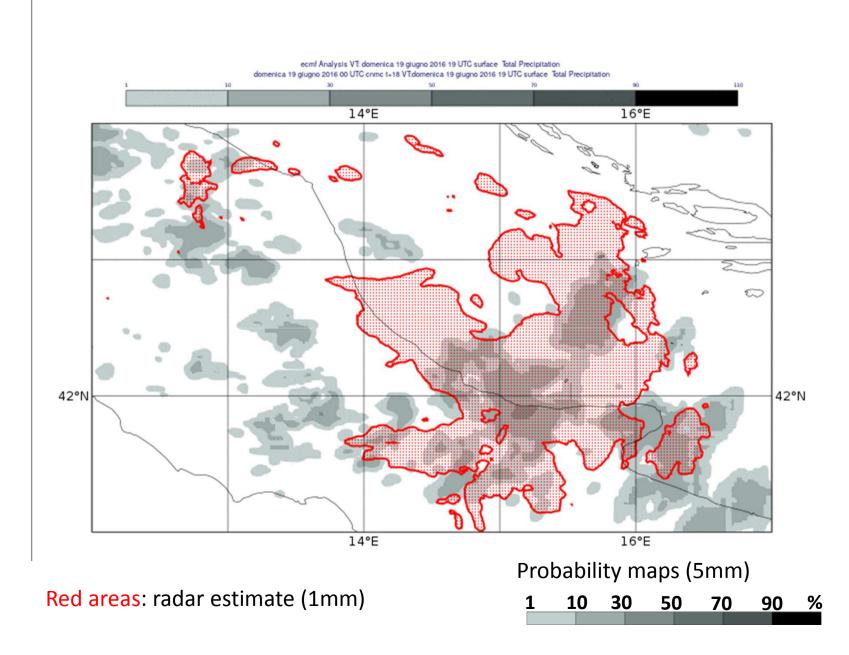
Experimental set-up for thunderstorm prediction

- SRNWP-EPS II Programme of EUMETNET
- I4 runs (one per day) on a period with several thunderstorms in Italy: I9 June – 07 July 2016
- two experiments:
 - Initial Condition perturbation: LETKF (KENDA), including also LHN and soil moisture perturbation
 - Model perturbation: Perturbed Parameters



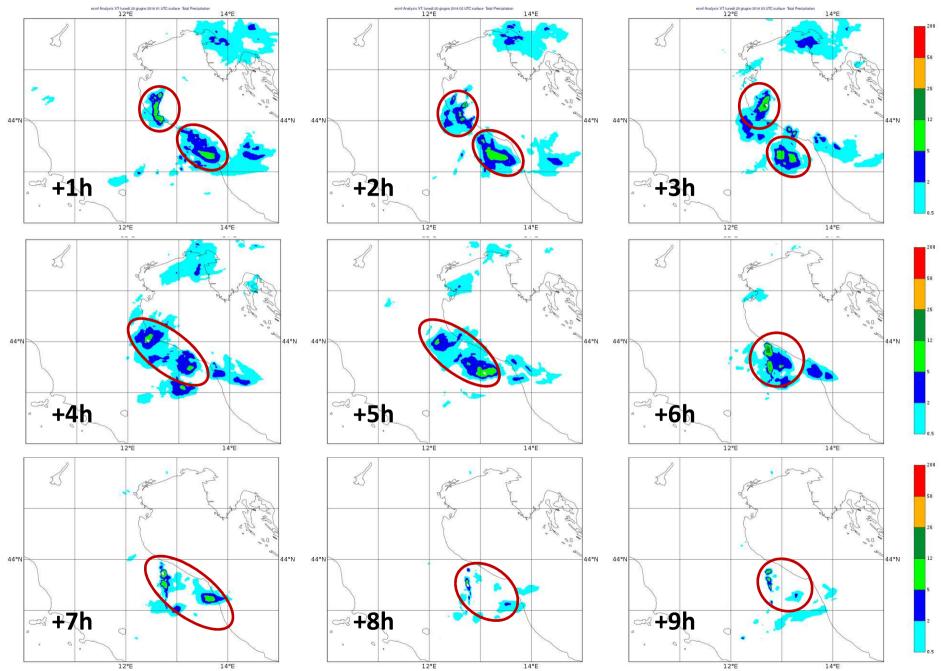


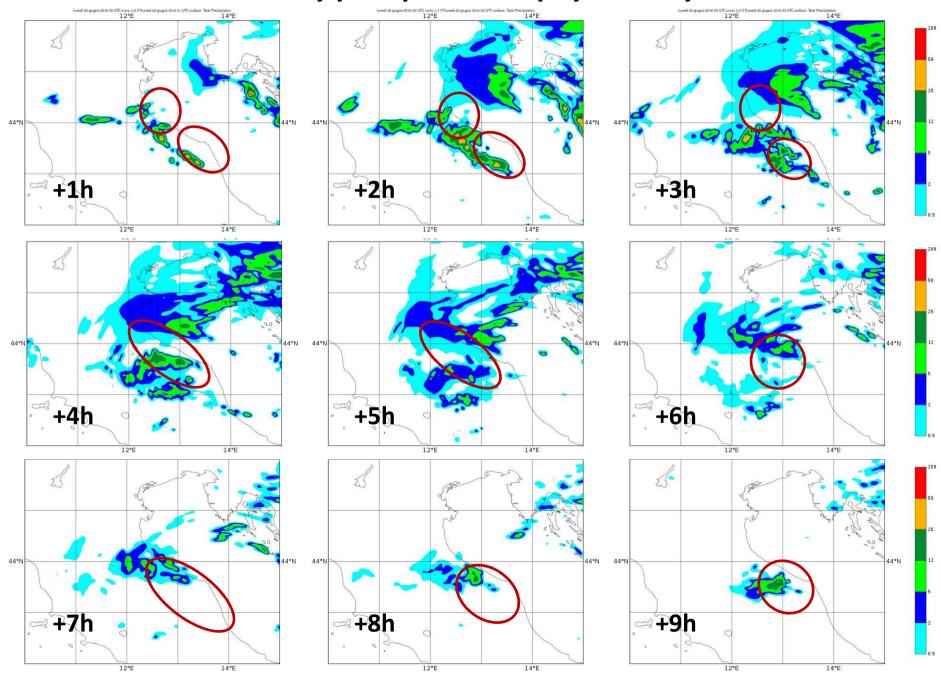
probabilistic prediction of the thunderstorms



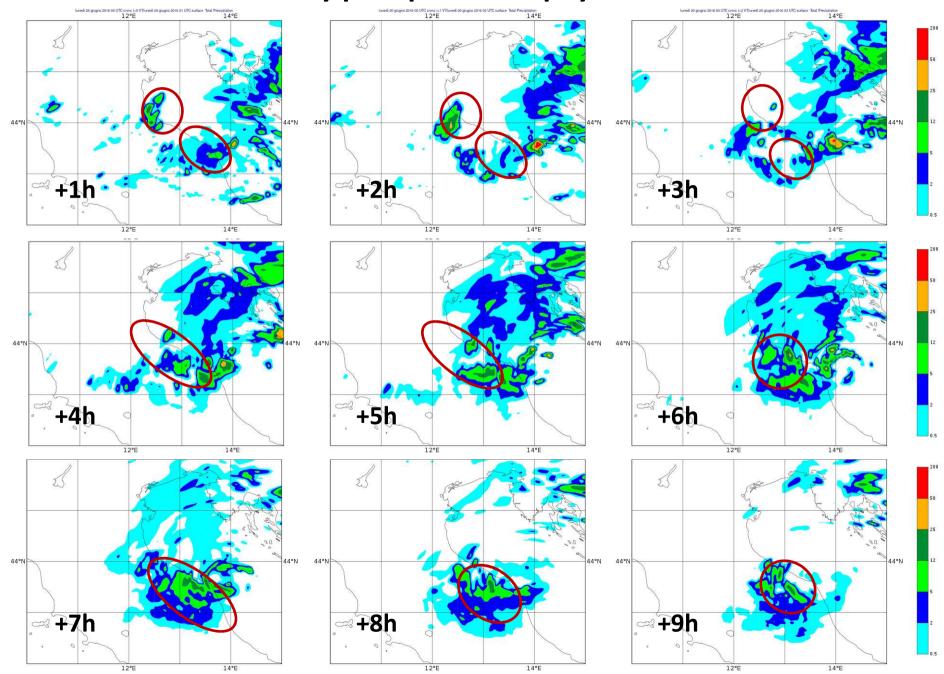
radar estimate of hourly precipitation

20 June 2016





forecasted hourly precipitation – physics only - member 1



forecasted hourly precipitation – physics + IC - member 1

Verification of precipitation during thunderstorm events:

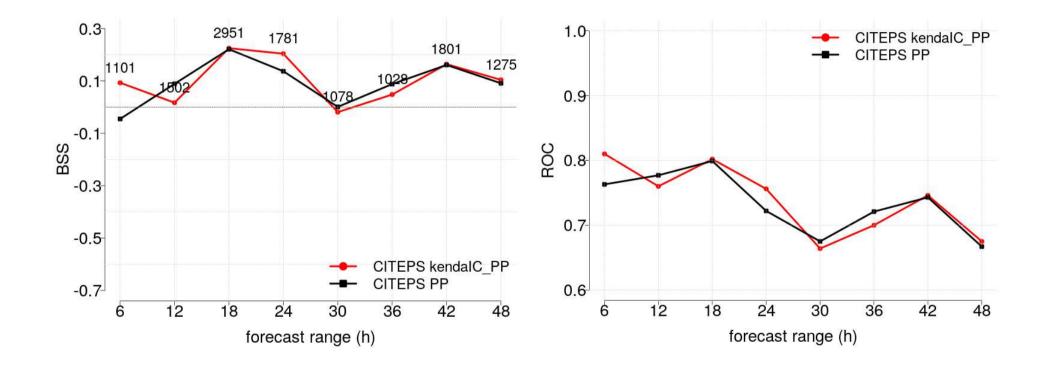
quality of the ensemble forecasts

7 days - 20/06 - 07/07 2016



Probabilistic scores

6h total precipitation vs radar estimate adjusted with rangauges maximum precipitation over boxes 02



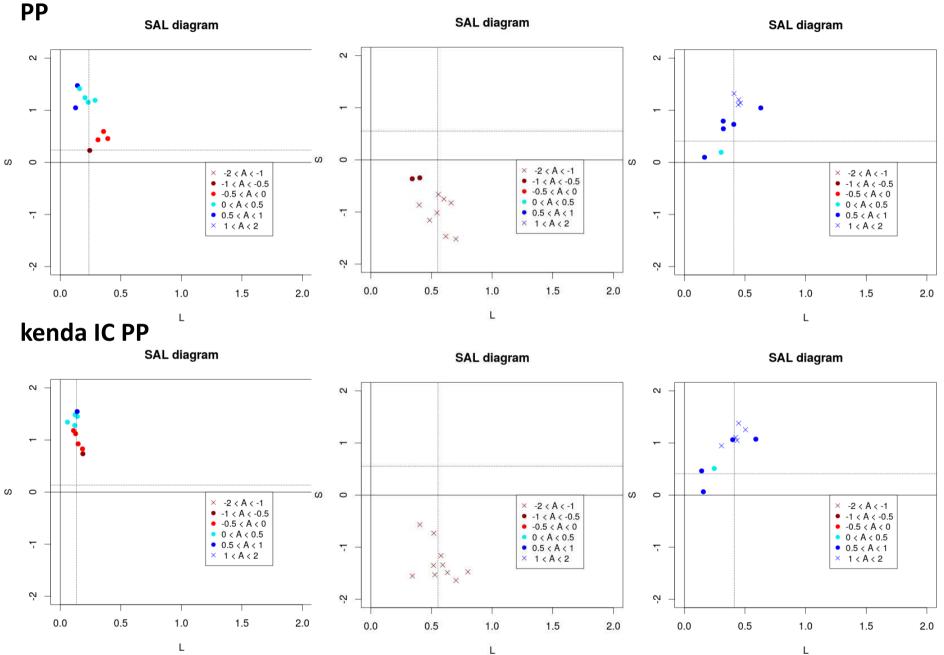
Verification of precipitation for thunderstorm events:

SAL method

7 days - 20/06 - 07/07 2016



SAL method - radar adj – 25 June 2016

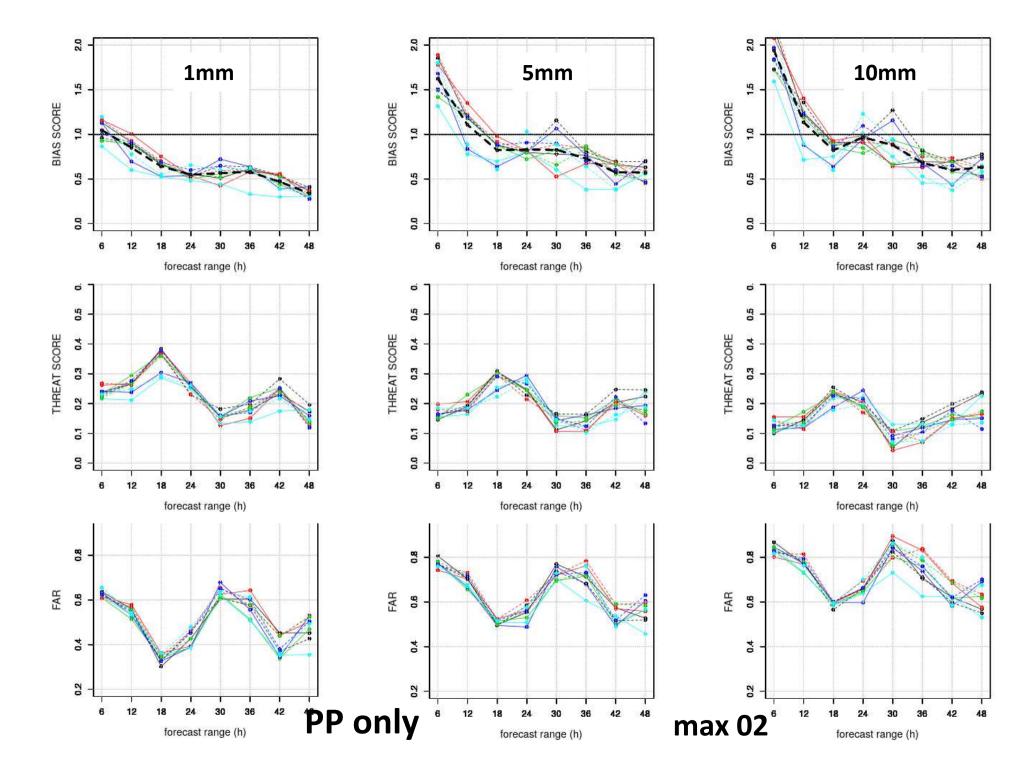


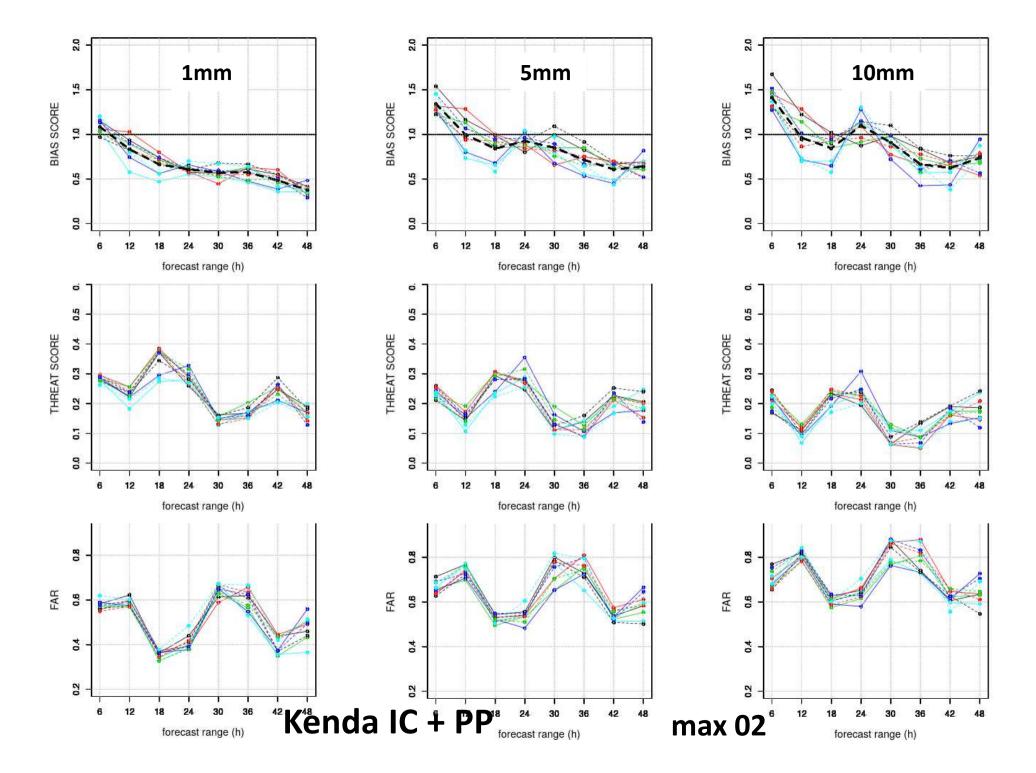
Verification of precipitation during thunderstorm events:

quality of each ensemble member

7 days - 20/06 - 07/07 2016



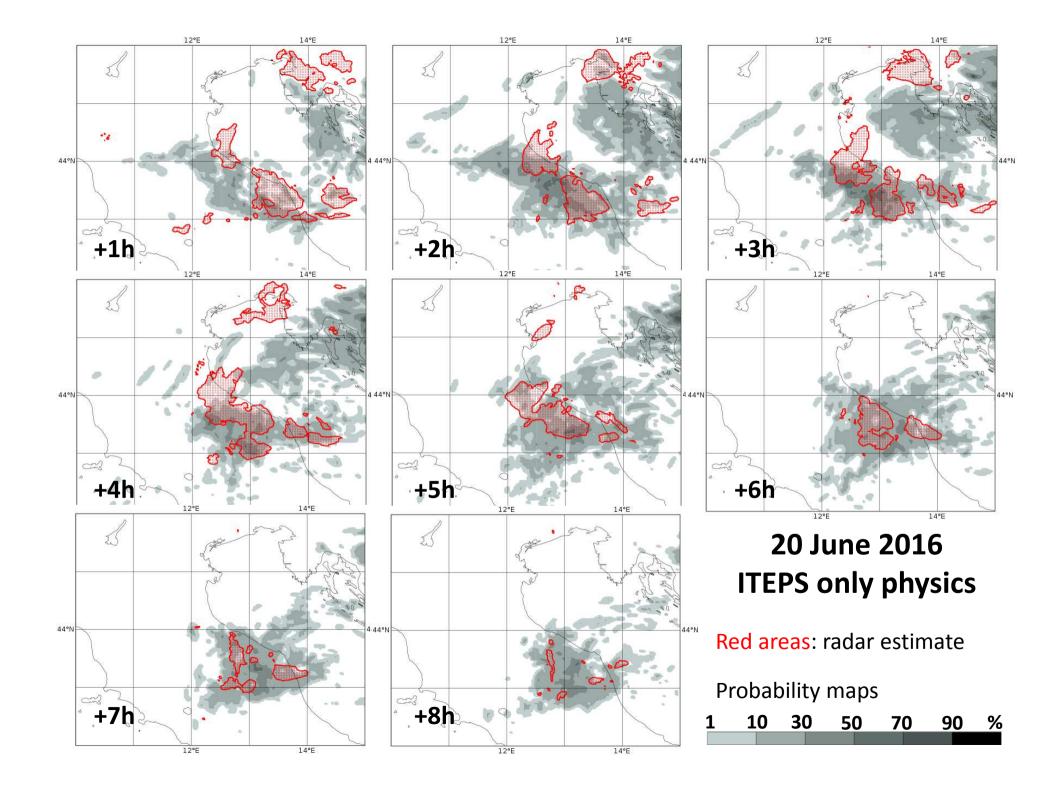


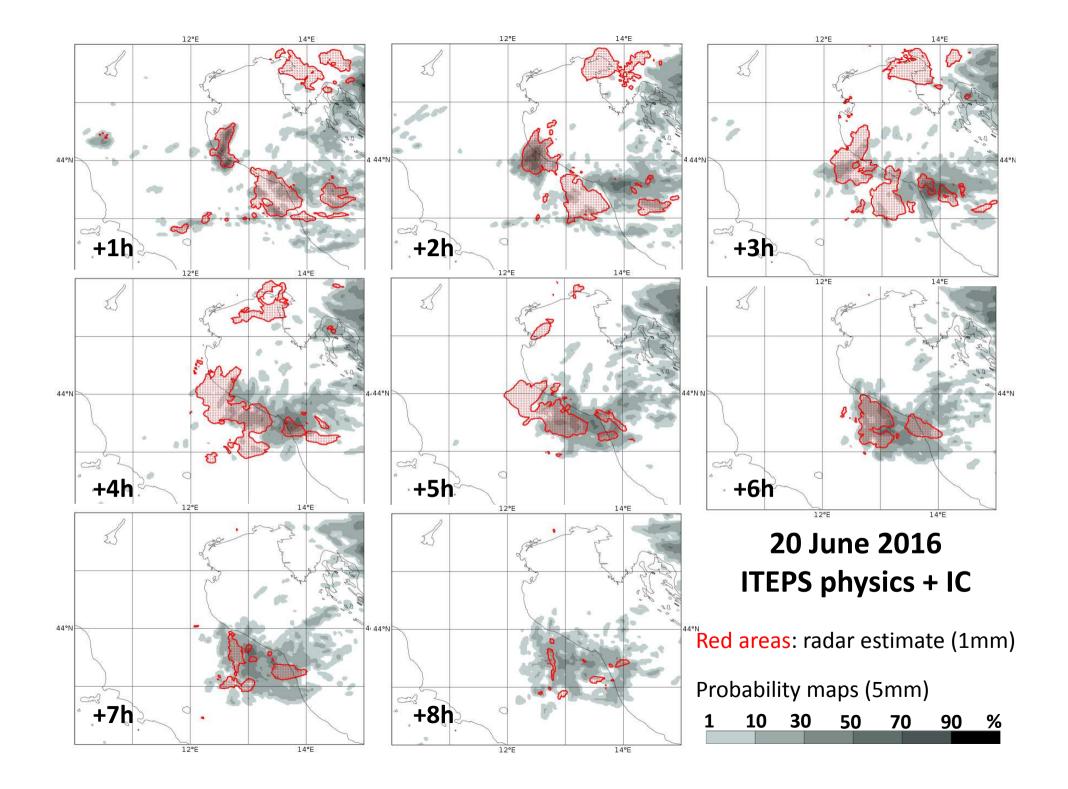


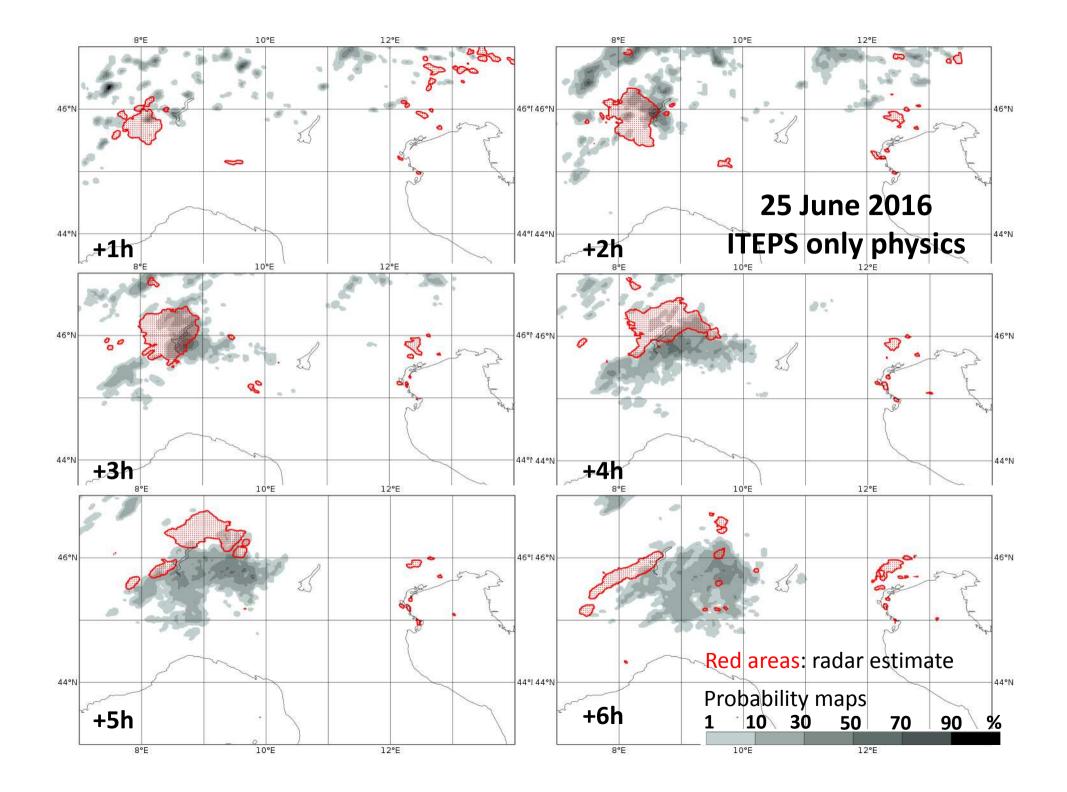
Impact of perturbed ICs from LETKF on thunderstorm prediction

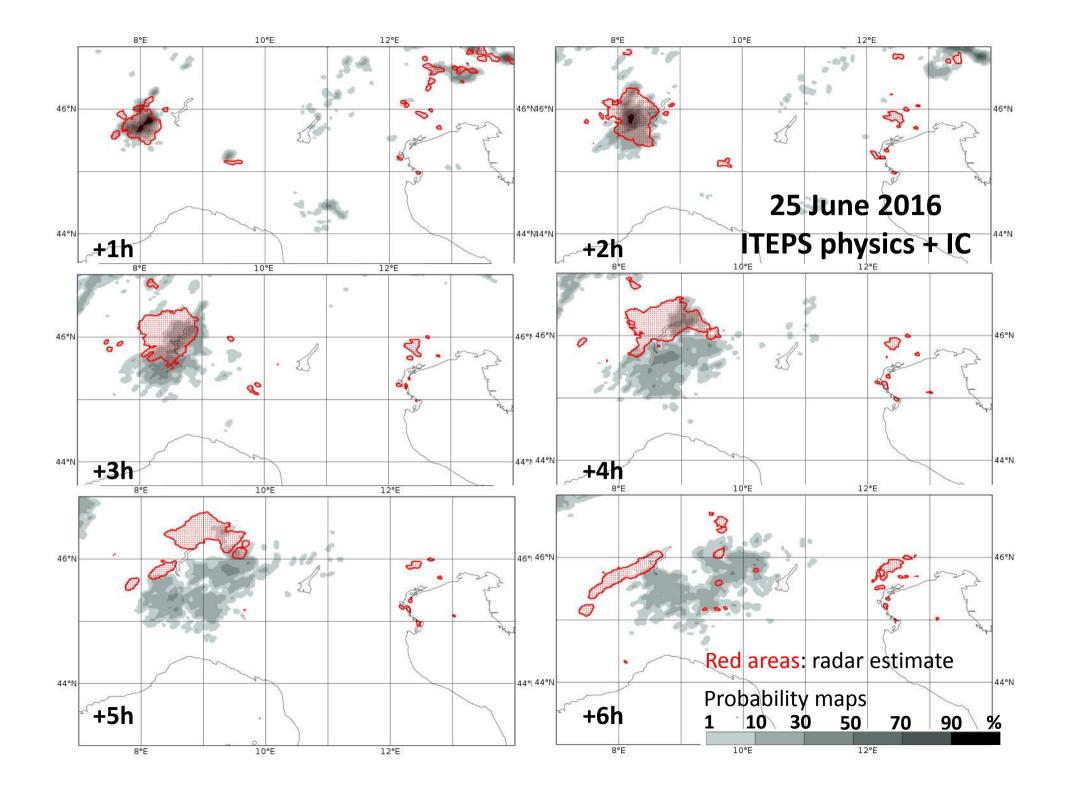
subjective evaluation

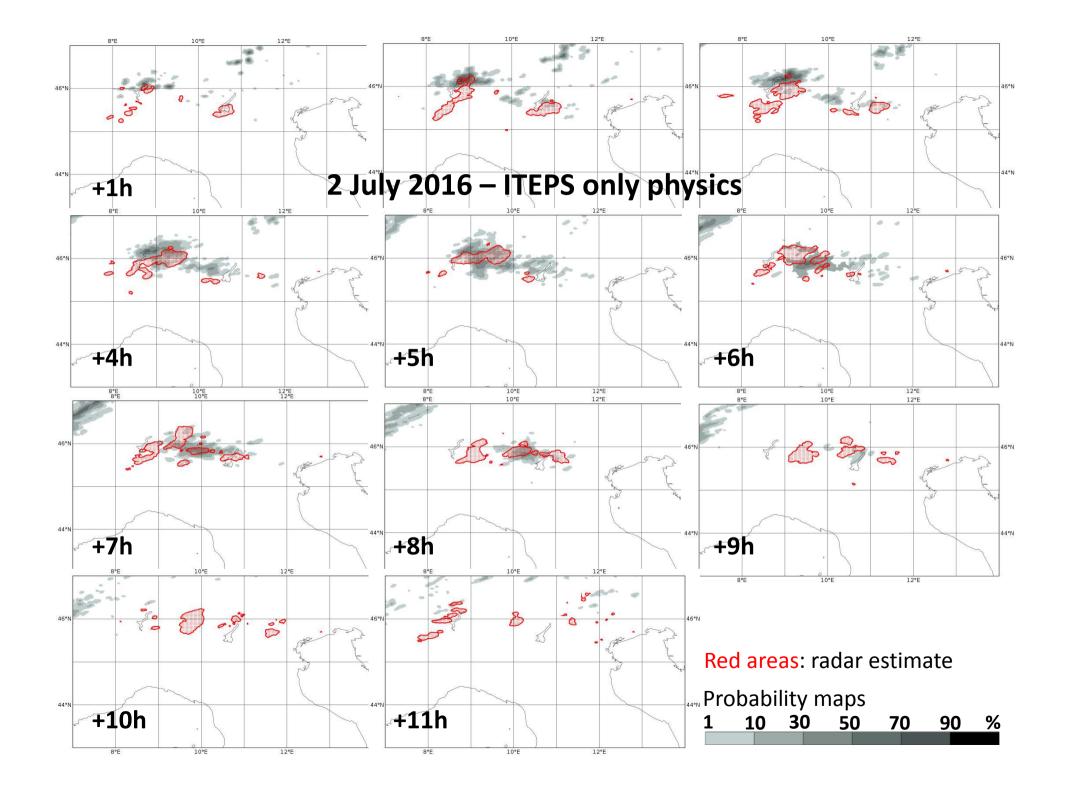


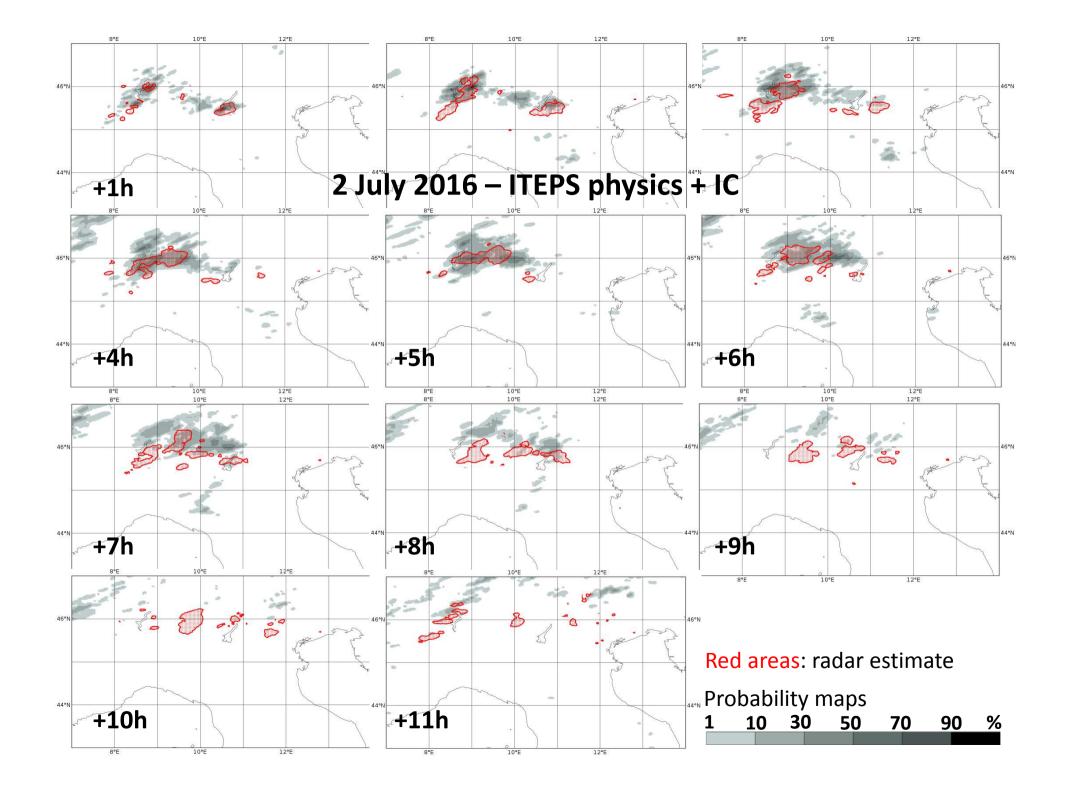










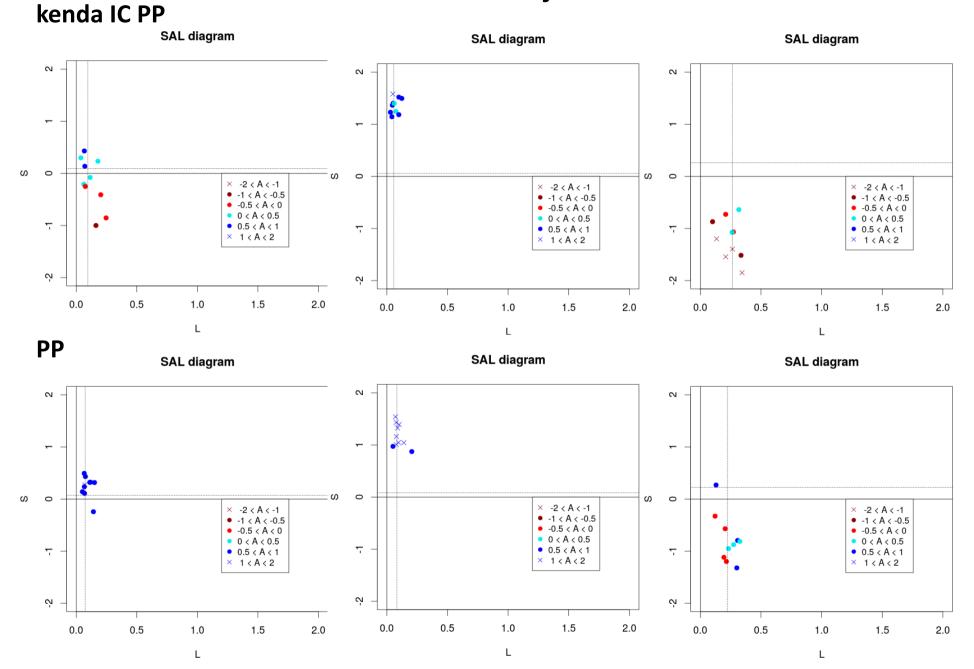


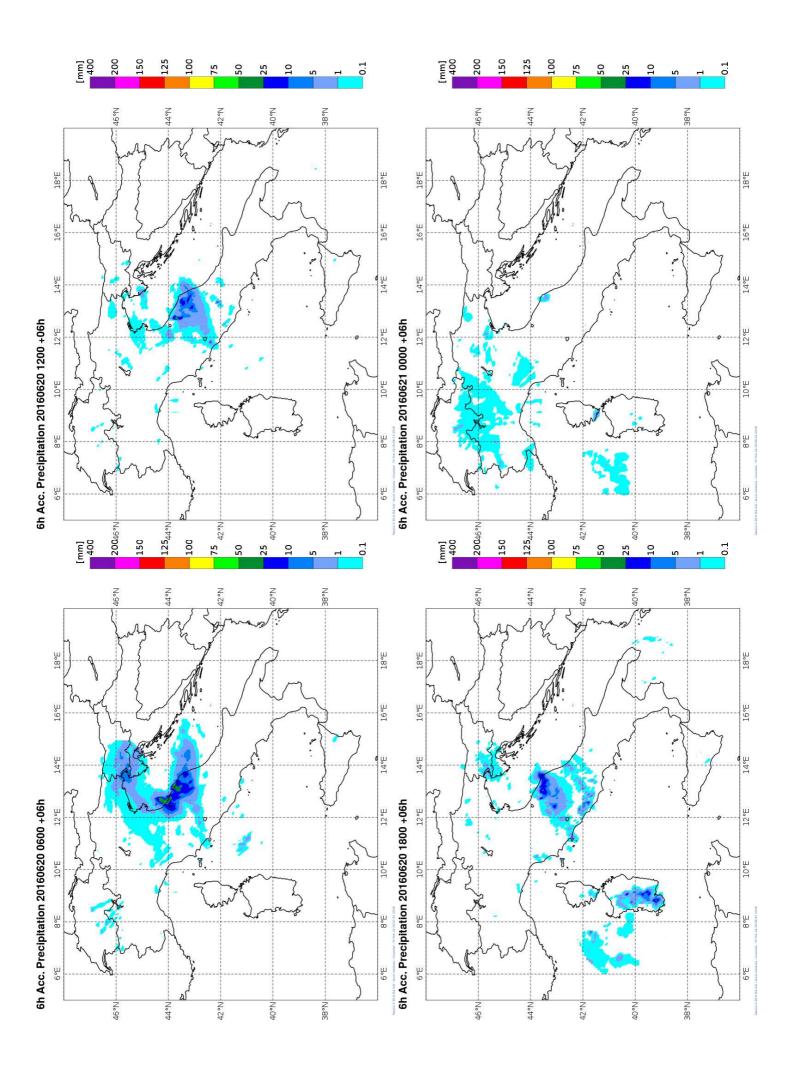
Concluding remarks

- The ensemble shows good potential for the prediction of the thunderstorms
- The skill of the forecast is greatly improved in the first hours by the KENDA IC conditions
- Care to false alarms should be taken
- Verification for no thunderstorm cases
- Assimilation of radar reflectivity volumes
- Operational use: spatial and temporal aggregation dependent on the predictability of the phenomena
- How to properly perform probabilistic verification of thunderstorms?

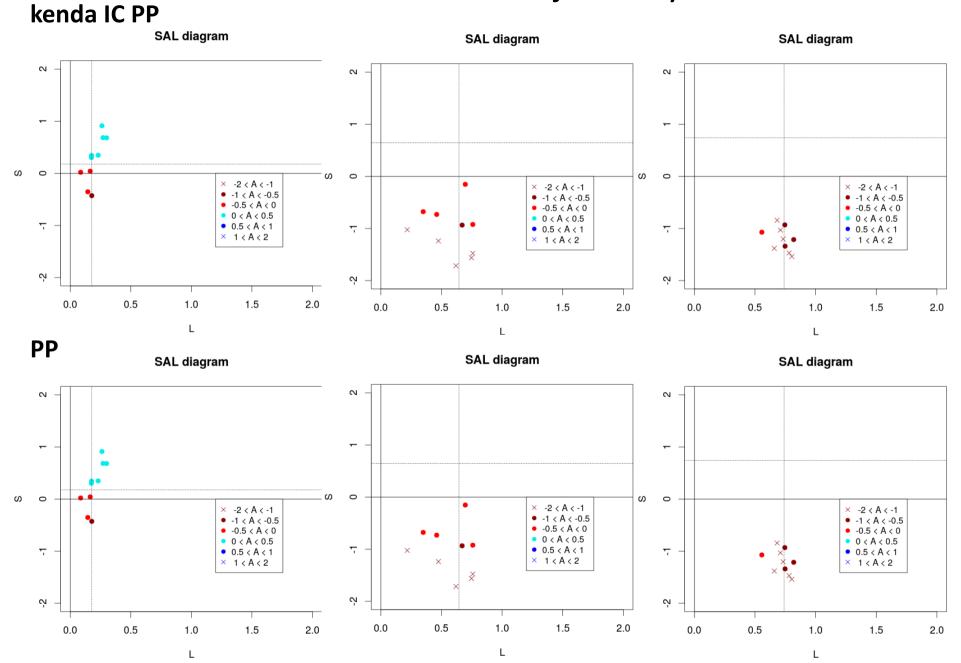


SAL method - radar adj – 20 June 2016



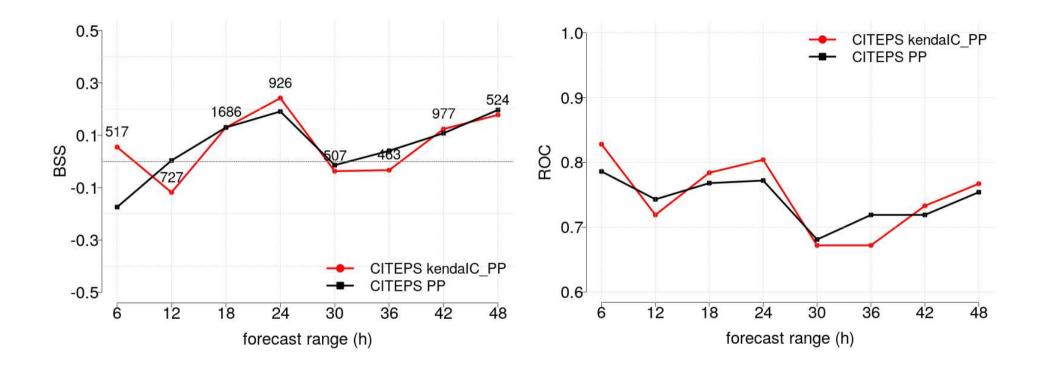


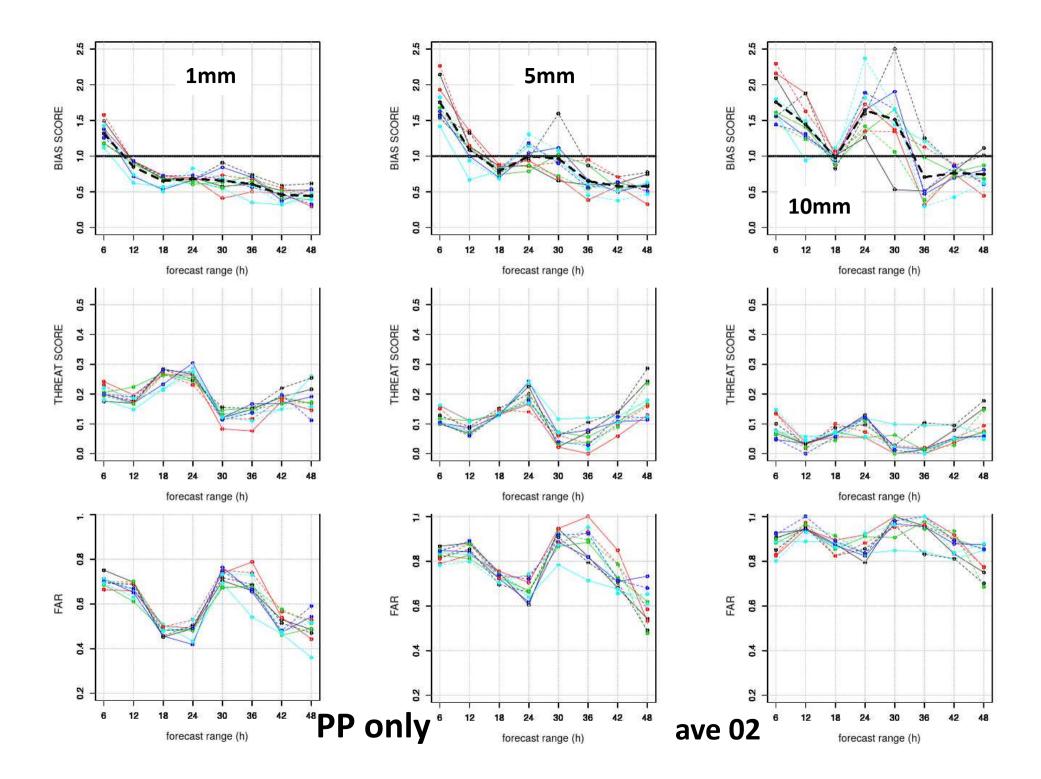
SAL method - radar adj – 2 July 2016

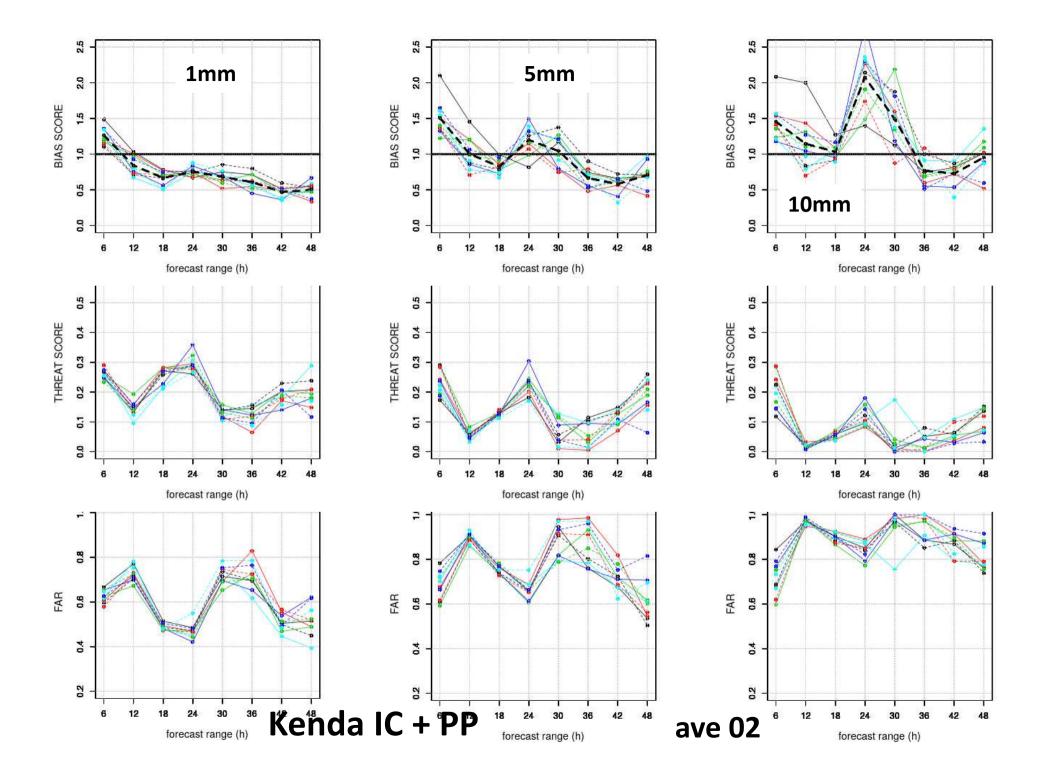


Probabilistic scores

6h total precipitation vs radar estimate adjusted with rangauges average precipitation over boxes 02







KENDA (Kilometer-scale ENsemble Data Assimilation)

