

Kinetic Energy spectra of COSMO model using Higher Order Spatial schemes

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3) H. Bockelman, DKRZ

Outline

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model
- ▶ Kinetic Energy spectrum
- ▶ Conclusions

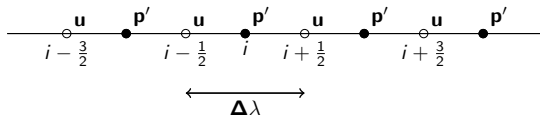
Introduction

Why Kinetic energy spectrum?

- Deviations from observed energy cascade indicates unphysical scale interaction which can be attributed to violation of conservation principles.
- Non-linear instability in atmospheric prediction models has been attributed to unphysical buildup of **kinetic energy** at small-scales

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

c-grid:



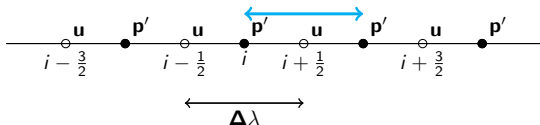
Zonal Numerical operators

Centered finite differencing:

$$\bar{\psi}^{n\lambda} = \frac{\psi_{i+n/2} + \psi_{i-n/2}}{2}, \quad \delta_{n\lambda}\psi = \frac{\psi_{i+n/2} - \psi_{i-n/2}}{n\Delta\lambda}, \quad \forall i, n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

c-grid:



Zonal Numerical operators

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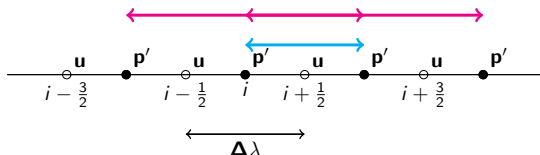
$$\overline{\psi}^{n\lambda} = \frac{\psi_{i+n/2} + \psi_{i-n/2}}{2}, \quad \delta_{n\lambda}\psi = \frac{\psi_{i+n/2} - \psi_{i-n/2}}{n\Delta\lambda}, \quad \forall i, n \in \mathbb{N}$$

- Second order operators: (for $\psi = p'$)

$$\overline{\psi}^{O2} := \overline{\psi}^{\lambda}, \quad \delta^{O2}(\psi) := \delta_{\lambda}\psi$$

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

c-grid:



Zonal Numerical operators

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- Second order operators: (for $\psi = p'$)

$$\bar{\psi}^{O2} := \bar{\psi}^{\lambda}, \quad \delta^{O2}(\psi) := \delta_{\lambda}\psi$$

- Fourth order operators: (for $\psi = p'$)

$$\bar{\psi}^{O4} := \frac{9}{8}\bar{\psi}^{\lambda} - \frac{1}{8}\bar{\psi}^{3\lambda}, \quad \delta^{O4}(\psi) := \frac{9}{8}\delta_{\lambda}\psi - \frac{1}{8}\delta_{3\lambda}\psi$$

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

u momentum in terrain following coordinates $(\lambda, \phi, \zeta(\lambda, \phi, z))$:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = -\frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(u \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda} + v \cos \phi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \phi} \right) - \dot{\zeta} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \zeta} - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(\frac{\partial p'}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial \zeta} \right) + Damp$$

contravariant vertical velocity

$$\dot{\zeta} = \frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(u \frac{\partial z}{\partial \lambda} + v \cos \phi \frac{\partial z}{\partial \phi} \right) - w \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial z}$$

artificial damping

$$Damp = \left\{ \beta_1 \alpha_4 \nabla_{\lambda}^4 u + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(\frac{\partial \alpha_{div}^h \rho D}{\partial \lambda} + \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial \alpha_{div}^h \rho D}{\partial \zeta} \right) \right\}, D = div(u, v, w)$$

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

***u* momentum in terrain following coordinates $(\lambda, \phi, \zeta(\lambda, \phi, z))$:**

Zonal derivatives

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = -\frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(\underline{u \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda}} + v \cos \phi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \phi} \right) - \dot{\zeta} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \zeta} - \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{1}{r \cos \phi} \left(\underline{\frac{\partial p'}{\partial \lambda}} + \frac{\partial \zeta}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial p'}{\partial \zeta} \right) + Damp$$

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Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

Discrete Zonal Advection: $u \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda}$ (similarly $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial \lambda}$)

$$C3 := u \left(\frac{4}{3} \delta_{2\lambda} u - \frac{1}{3} \delta_{4\lambda} u + \frac{(\Delta\lambda)^3}{12} \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial \lambda^4} \right)$$

$$N4 := u \left(\frac{4}{3} \delta_{2\lambda} u - \frac{1}{3} \delta_{4\lambda} u \right)$$

$$S4 := \frac{9}{8} \overline{u^{O4}} \delta_{\lambda} u^{\lambda} - \frac{1}{8} \overline{u^{O4}} \delta_{3\lambda} u^{3\lambda}$$

$$= \underbrace{\left[\frac{9}{8} \delta_{\lambda} (\overline{u^{O4}} \overline{u^{\lambda}}) - \frac{1}{8} \delta_{3\lambda} (\overline{u^{O4}} \overline{u^{3\lambda}}) \right]}_{\equiv \frac{F_{i+n/2} - F_{i-n/2}}{n\Delta\lambda}} - u \left[\frac{9}{8} \delta_{\lambda} (\overline{u^{O4}}) - \frac{1}{8} \delta_{3\lambda} (\overline{u^{O4}}) \right]$$

Higher order spatial schemes in COSMO model

Discrete Zonal Advection: $u \frac{\partial u}{\partial \lambda}$ (similarly $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial \lambda}$)

dissipative term

divergence form: conservative a priori

$$C3 := u \left(\frac{4}{3} \delta_{2\lambda} u - \frac{1}{3} \delta_{4\lambda} u + \frac{(\Delta\lambda)^3}{12} \frac{\partial^4 u}{\partial \lambda^4} \right)$$

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Properties of different spatial schemes in COSMO model

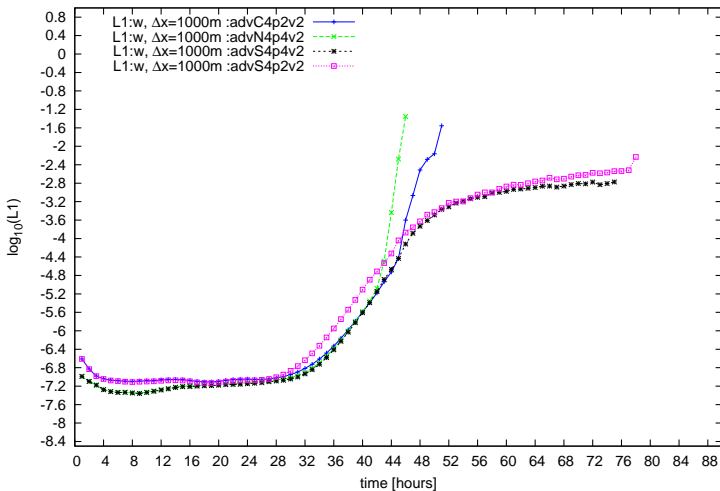
Schemes:	Implicit diffusion	KE conservation	Explicit diff. coefficient
<i>C3p2v2d0.00:</i>	Yes	No	0.00
<i>C3p2v2d0.25:</i>	Yes	No	0.25
<i>N4p4v2d0.25:</i>	No	No	0.25
<i>S4p4v2d0.00:</i>	No	Yes ¹	0.00
<i>S4p4v2d0.25:</i>	No	No	0.25

¹If the continuity equation is satisfied.

Numerical Tests

Atmosphere resting on a small hill: $h_{max} = 3000m$

PLT224 2DM001: RK T'p', $a_0=10km$, $h=1000m$, $u_0=0$ m/s, cosmo_4.24_itc1plus3



Real boundary condition simulation

Configuration for the Real case simulation:

- ▶ The current standard evaluation configuration approved by the COSMO-CLM Community ([Keuler et al, \(2012\)](#)) is used with; Model version 4.24, new fast waves solver and new schemes
 - Domain: COSMO_EU
 - Forcing data: ERA-interim reanalyses
 - $\Delta x = 18.3km$,
 - $ke_{tot} = 40$
 - $\Delta t = 150s$

Real boundary condition simulation

Model run time at $\Delta t = 150s$:

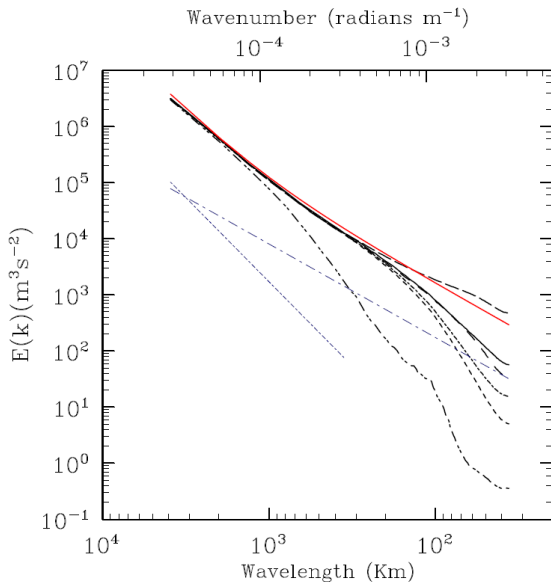
Schemes:	Run time
<i>N4p4v2d0.00</i> :	Upto 2nd month
<i>N4p4v2d0.25</i> :	Beyond 3 months
<i>S4p4v2d0.00</i> :	Beyond 3 months
<i>S4p2v2d0.00</i> :	Upto 2nd month ? ¹

¹Inconsistency in the discretisation of the advection and pressure gradient terms

Kinetic energy spectrum

- The model output is detrended as proposed by (Errico, MWR (1985))
- The spectra are then calculated using fast fourier transformation technique(FFT).
- The calculated spectra are then compared to the observation results of (Lindborg, JFM (1999))

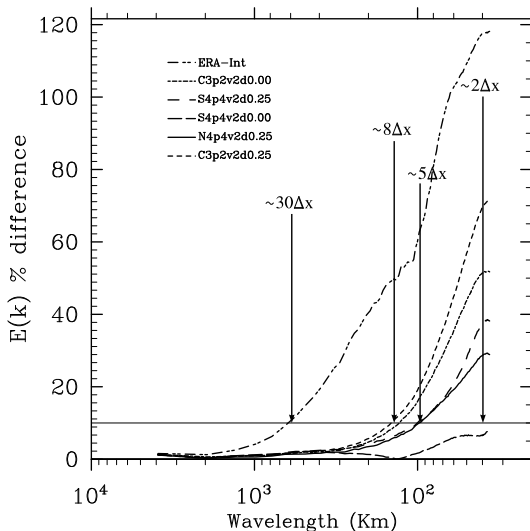
Mean Kinetic Energy spectrum (700 – 400hpa)



- Lindborg(JFM, 1999),
- - - $k^{-5/3}$
- · - · k^{-3}
- - - ERA-Int
- · · C3p2v2d0.00
- S4p4v2d0.25
- - - S4p4v2d0.00
- N4p4v2d0.25
- · - · C3p2v2d0.25

Kinetic energy spectrum

Effective resolution: $(COSMO - OBS)/OBS < 10\%$



Conclusions

- ▶ Fourth order scheme $S4p4v2d0.00$ is as stable as the third order upwind scheme $C3p2v2d0.25$
- ▶ Fourth order schemes have high effective resolution compared to the third order upwind scheme.
- ▶ Implicit (present in the third order upwind scheme) and explicit horizontal diffusion reduces effective resolution of the model.
- ▶ Fourth order scheme $S4p4v2d0.00$ exhibits an effective resolution which is close to $2\Delta\lambda$

THANK YOU...

For climatological results from the 5-yr climate simulation using the new schemes, please see poster " Impact of Higher Order horizontal spatial discretisation of Euler equations in the COSMO model on regional climate over Europe, Ogaja, et al."